Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word.

**Question 1:** Don't worry, you can **count on** me. I’ll try my best to help you.

**A.** stand for **B.** rely on **C.** live on **D.** look after

**Question 2:** The graduation is sad, because the time we studied together has **come to an end**.

**A.** changed **B.** finished **C.** succeeded **D.** begun

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group.

**Question 3: A.** r**i**ckshaw **B.** c**i**tadel **C.** p**i**lgrim **D.** l**i**mestone

**Question 4: A.** tanned **B.** explored **C.** delayed **D.** relaxed

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that completes each of the sentences.

**Question 5:** The Imperial Citadel of Thang Long is a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that consists of royal palaces and monuments.

**A.** measure **B.** complex **C.** setting **D.** structure

**Question 6:** The Taj Mahal is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ building which is visited by millions of tourists every year

**A.** magnifical **B.** magnificence **C.** magnificent **D.** magnificently

**Question 7:** “I’m going to France for my summer holiday.”

Jane: “\_\_\_\_\_\_ ”

**A.** OK. Cool! **B.** Lucky you! **C.** Oh my God! **D.** Good idea!

**Question 8:** This medicine will protect you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a return of the illness.

**A.** at **B.** of **C.** from **D.** to

**Question 9:** About 85 percent of city\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ breathes heavily polluted air.

**A.** livers **B.** members **C.** dwellers **D.** villagers

**Question 10:** “Do you \_\_\_\_\_ your new classmate, or do you two argue?”.

**A.** face up to **B.** keep up with **C.** go on **D.** get on with

**Question 11:** “Do you find it interesting to travel alone?” “ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** No, not at all. **B.** What a pity! **C.** Never mind. **D.** You’re welcome,

**Question 12:** I’m very careful about what I eat so it’s only \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I eat fast food.

**A.** out of this world **B.** the sky’s the limit

**C.** over the moon **D.** once in a blue moon

**Question 13:** Due to the company’s need to increase production, the lunch break \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from one hour to forty-five minutes.

**A.** will be reduced **B.** has reduced **C.** was reducing **D.** are reduced

**Question 14:** I remember \_\_\_\_\_ you before but I forgot where.

**A.** meet **B.** meeting **C.** to meet **D.** meet

**Question 15:** Michael was extremely surprised \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the grade he received.

**A.** in **B.** with **C.** at **D.** about

**Question 16:** She’s the woman \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_sister looks after the baby for us.

**A.** that’s **B.** whose **C.** who **D.** which

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is BEST written from the words/phrases given.

**Question 17:** I/wish/this school year/ finish/ planned.

**A.** I wish this school year would finish as planned.

**B.** I wish this school year would not finished as planned.

**C.** I wish this school year will finish as planned.

**D.** I wish this school year finished as planned.

**Question 18:** It/ be/ necessary/ you/ do / this project./

**A.** It is necessary to you to do this project

**B.** It be necessary for you to do this project

**C.** It is necessary for you to doing this project

**D.** It is necessary for you to do this project

**Question 19:** No other country/ Asia/ large/ China.

**A.** China is as large as other countries in Asia.

**B.** No other country in Asia is as large as China.

**C.** No other country in Asia is as large than China.

**D.** Any other country in Asia is larger than China.

**Question 20:** My father/ use / to/ read books/ before/ he/go/ bed/ when/he/young.

**A.** My father used to read books before he went to bed when he was young.

**B.** My father didn’t use to read books before he went to bed when he was young.

**C.** My father is used to reading books before he went to bed when he was young.

**D.** My father gets used to reading books before he went to bed when he was young.

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions that follow.**

Unlike life in the countryside which is often considered to be simple and traditional, life in the city is modern and complicated. People, from different regions, move to the cities in the hope of having a better life for them and their children. The inhabitants in city work as secretaries, businessmen, teachers, government workers, factory workers and even street vendors or construction workers.

The high cost of living requires city dwellers, especially someone with low income, to work harder or to take a part-time job. For many people, an ordinary day starts as usual by getting up in the early morning to do exercise in public parks, preparing for a full day of working and studying, then travelling along crowed boulevards or narrow streets filled with motor scooters and returning home after a busy day. They usually live in large houses, or high-rise apartment blocks or even in a small rental room equipped with modern facilities, like the Internet, telephone, television, and so on. Industrialization and modernization as well as global integration have big **impact** on lifestyle in the cities. The most noticeable impact is the Western style of clothes. The "ao dai” - Vietnamese traditional clothes big are no longer regularly worn in Vietnamese women's daily life. Instead, jeans, T-shirts and fashionable clothes are widely preferred.

**Question 21:** The most important reason why people move to the city is that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** to have busy day **B.** to look for a better life

**C.** to take part-time job **D.** to look for a complicated life

**Question 22:** According to the passage, the city life can offer city dwellers all of the following things EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** friendly communication with neighbours

**B.** a variety of jobs in different fields

**C.** modern facilities

**D.** the Internet

**Question 23:** What is the best title for the passage?

**A.** City life **B.** Work in the city

**C.** City dwellers **D.** Global integration

**Question 24:** We can infer from the passage that .

**A.** people do morning exercise in public parks because they have much free time.

**B.** most of the urban dwellers have low income.

**C.** there is a big gap between the rich and the poor in the city.

**D.** people leave the countryside because life there is simple.

**Question 25:** The word "**impact**" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_ .

**A.** action **B.** situation **C.** force **D.** effect

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is CLOSEST in meaning to the original one.**

**Question 26:** Although he took a taxi, Bill still arrived late for the concert.

**A.** Bill arrived late for the concert because of the taxi.

**B.** Bill took a taxi to the concert, but he couldn’t catch it.

**C.** Bill arrived late for the concert whether he took a taxi or not.

**D.** In spite of taking a taxi, Bill arrived late for the concert.

**Question 27:** They think that the accident was caused by human error.

**A.** The accident is though to cause by human error.

**B.** It is thought the accident to be caused by human error.

**C.** The accident is thought be caused by human error.

**D.** It is thought that the accident was caused by human error.

**Question 28:** He won't find a seat unless he's got a ticket.

**A.** He can't find a seat although he has a ticket.

**B.** He has got a ticket, and so will find a seat.

**C.** He will be able to get a ticket if he finds a seat.

**D.** He will only get a seat if he has a ticket.

**Question 29:** “Don’t spend too much time surfing the web”, the teacher said to us.

**A.** The teacher said to us not to spend too much time surfing the web.

**B.** The teacher told to us not to spend too much time surfing the web.

**C.** The teacher told us not to spend too much time surfing the web.

**D.** The teacher told us to not spend too much time surfing the web.

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose main stress position is placed differently from that of the others in each group.**

**Question 30: A.** provide **B.** finish **C.** correct **D.** produce

**Question 31: A.** imitate **B.** punctual **C.** fluency **D.** official

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word that completes each blank.**

Have you ever been to Britain? I’ve dreamed of going there (32) \_\_\_\_\_\_ I was a little girl and finally, in the spring of 2012, it happened. I was there three weeks and (33) \_\_\_\_\_\_ much of that time soaking up the culture, history, and scenery of this incredible island. I visited several districts in England, Wales and Scotland and even (34) \_\_\_\_\_\_ a site trip to Ireland. Every place I went to seemed to be more interesting and more beautiful than the last.

The tour I was with began in London. Of all the sights I saw there, the Tower of London was the most interesting. The Tower is a building complex of incredibly rich history.

Also on the Thames are the Houses of Parliament and, of course, the clock tower housing “Big Ben”. I saw so many landmarks I can hardly remember them all. Although it was just a glimpse of London I did, (35) \_\_\_\_\_\_, get a chance to see all the most famous places.

After a couple of days in London we traveled to the south of England stopping to visit Stonehenge. If you don’t know about Stonehenge there are a couple of links on my links page that will (36) \_\_\_\_\_\_ you to sites that can fill you in.

**Question 32: A.** since **B.** while **C.** because **D.** for

**Question 33: A.** did **B.** took **C.** spent **D.** used

**Question 34: A.** had **B.** got **C.** gone **D.** made

**Question 35: A.** at first **B.** at least **C.** at that **D.** at all

**Question 36: A.** take **B.** make **C.** sent **D.** reach

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word.**

**Question 37:** In some rural areas, English is an **optional** subject for school children.

**A.** interesting **B.** voluntary **C.** compulsory **D.** academic

**Question 38:** The spoken language differs **considerably** from the written language.

**A.** very little **B.** greatly **C.** similarly **D.** a lot

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the part that is incorrect.**

**Question 39:** A extended family includes several generations living together in the same house.

**A.** living **B.** A **C.** includes **D.** same

**Question 40:** There are not little Italian teachers in that school, but there are a lot of English ones.

**A.** are **B.** there **C.** little **D.** ones

***------ THE END -----***

**ĐÁP ÁN**

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| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| B | B | D | D | B | C | B | C | C | D |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| A | D | A | B | C | B | A | D | B | A |
| 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| B | A | A | C | D | D | D | D | C | B |
| 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| D | A | C | D | B | A | C | A | B | C |