TRƯỜNG THPT QUỐC TUẨN NHÓM TIẾNG ANH

MA TRẬN ĐỀ THI THỬ LẦN 1- MÔN TIẾNG ANH Năm học 2022-2023

Dạng bài	Câu hỏi	Nội dung kiến thức	Nhận biết	Thông hiểu	Vận dụng	Nâng cao
	-			meu	uung	Cuo
	1	Cách phát âm đuôi "ed"	1			
Phát âm	2	Cách phát âm của nguyên âm	1			
Trọng âm	3	Trọng âm theo nguyên âm có 2 âm tiết	1			
	4	Trọng âm theo tiền tố/ hậu				
		tố có 3 âm tiết	1			
	5	Câu hỏi đuôi	1			
	6	Câu bị động		1		
	7	Giới từ	1			
Chọn đáp	8	So sánh kép		1		
án đúng	9	Trật tự tính từ		1		
8		Phối hợp thì (hành động				
	10	đang xảy ra ở quá khứ thì có hành động khác xen vào)		1		
	11	Liên từ		1		
	12	Phối hợp thì với liên từ			1	

	12	Dút con mônh đề -42 -44				
	13	Rút gọn mệnh đề với phân				
		từ hiện tại/ quá khứ				1
	14	Từ loại		1		
	17	i u ioại				
	15	Cụm động từ		1		
	13	Cụm ượng tư		1		
	16	Từ cùng trường nghĩa			1	
	10	Tu cung truong ngma			1	
-	17	Từ cùng trường nghĩa		1		
	17	Tu cung truong ngma		1		
-	18	Thành ngữ				1
	10	Thành ngữ				1
	10	C 45 5 #:1-				1
	19	Cụm từ cố định				1
Dλ	20	NT 1 ~ 2 43	1			
Đồng	20	Nghĩa của từ	1			
nghĩa						
	21	Nghĩa của từ		1		
Trái	22	Nghĩa của từ		1		
nghĩa						
	23	Cụm từ cố định		1		
	24	Tình huống: hỏi xin thông		1		
		tin				
Giao tiếp						
	25	Tình huống: thể hiện sự		1		
		đồng ý/ không đồng ý				
	26	Nghĩa của từ		1		
	20	rigina cua tu				
	27	Liên từ		1		
Dog #:}-	41	LACII tu		1		
Đọc điền	28	Đại từ quan hệ		1		
	40	Dại tu quan nệ		1		

29	Lượng từ	1	
30	Nghĩa của từ	1	

	31	Câu hỏi tìm ý chính			1	
<u> </u>	32	Câu hỏi chi tiết		1		
Đọc hiểu	33	Câu hỏi từ vựng		1		
1	34	Câu hỏi tham chiếu	1			
	34	Cau noi tham chieu	1			
	35	Câu hỏi EXCEPT/ TRUE/			1	
		FALSE/ NOT	1			
	36	Câu hỏi tìm ý chính				1
	37	Câu hỏi từ vựng				1
	38	Câu hỏi yêu cầu hoàn thành				
		thông tin		1		
Đọc hiểu						
	39	Câu hỏi từ vựng		1		
2						
	40	Câu hỏi tham chiếu	1			
	41	Câu hỏi EXCEPT/ TRUE/			1	
		FALSE/ NOT				
	42	Câu hỏi suy luận				1
Tìm lỗi	43	Thì của động từ	1			
	44	Đại từ		1		
sai						

	45	Từ dễ gây nhầm lẫn			1
	46	Thì của động từ		1	
Câu đồng nghĩa	47	Câu tường thuật		1	
	48	Động từ khuyết thiếu		1	
Nối câu	49	Câu điều kiện/ ước			1
	50	Đảo ngữ			1

TRƯỜNG THPT QUỐC TUẨN Năm học: 2022-2023

(Đề thi có 04 trang)

KỲ THI THỬ TỐT NGHIỆP THPT -LẦN 1 Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH

Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút không kể thời gian phát đề

MÃ ĐỀ: 101			
Họ, tên thí sinh			
			•••••
			swer to each of the following
	s easy to make a good		_
A. decide			
Question 2. Your sister is o			,
A. isn't she	B. doesn't she	C. won't she	D. is she
			out in other aspects they are as
different as chalk and			and the state of t
A. dogs		C. salt	D. here
C	cs of Velcro stick together t	hanks the hooks o	n the surface and the loops on the
other.	o or resort outon to be the r		
A. by	B. for	C. of	D. to
Question 5: The players	' protests	no difference to the ref	Feree's decision at all
	B. made		
			start, there are not many people
using it because they were	not able to travel the far	distances	start, there are not many people
A. Even though			D In fact
Question 7: There is a (•		D. III lact
A. sugar antique silver		R antique cilver cugar	
C. sugar silver antique		D. antique surver sugar	
Ougstion 8: Linds immi	arotad with har parants i	n 1005 and	in Now Vork
C. sugar silver antiqueQuestion 8: Linda immiA. grew into	p grave up	C grayy on	D grayy apart
Question 9 : When Carol ca	D. grew up	C. gicw on	D. grew apart
	alled last flight, I I	B. watched	TSIOH.
A. was watchingC. have watched		D. was watched	
	ov will be able to leave for		
Question 10 , Th A. After the taxi had arrive			
C. Until the taxi will arrive			
			tand the financial problem we are
	ugnt up in a	_lalling. She can t unders	tand the financial problem we are
facing. A. kind	B. wealthy	C. broke	D. noor
			D. poor
-		stermy to	herself together, she simply
couldn't stop the tears fr	_	C	D. much
A. bring.	B. force.	C. pull.	D. push.
Question 13. The road to			D. will be widered
A. is widened	B. will widened	C. can widened	D. will be widened
Question 14. al			D. To spend
A. Spending	B. Having spent	C. Having been spent	•
Question 15: Sound come	_		
A. the highest	B. highest	C. the higher	D. high
Mark the letter A, B, C or			
	erek are classmates. They	are talking about their sp	oorts hobby. Hung: Don't you like
watching football?			
Derek:		B. N. J. J. J.	9 - 9 - 1-1
A. Yes, I don't		B . No, I do. I l	
C. It's nice		D. Yes, I love i	
	atrice is a couple. They are	e going to a friend's party	y. Marta: Do I still have to change
my clothes?			
Patrice: A Sure take your time	R Let's discus	os that saves time -	
A JULE TAKE NOTIL TIME	R LET'S MISCHIS	s mai some time	

Mark the letter A, B	•			he word that diffei	rs from the oth	er three in the
position ofprimary		of the following of	questions.			
Question 18. A. ton	_	reason	C. prom	ise	D. furnis	h
Question 19. A. inte		B. internal		C. interior). infinite
Mark the letter A,					<u>underlined</u> pa	rt differs from
the other three in p			lowing ques			
Question 20: A.		B. chang <u>ed</u>		C. tipp <u>ed</u>		D. produc <u>ed</u>
Question 21: A.	· -	B. y <u>a</u> rd		C. c <u>a</u> rd		D. c <u>a</u> rry
Mark the letter A B	•		o indicate tl	ne word CLOSEST ii	n meaning to t	the underlined
word in each of the						
Question 22: I used	_					
A. in one occasion		once in a while		one time		is correct
Question 23: Disse	mination of ir	nformation is freq	uently carrie	ed out via satellite	through local	or national TV
network.	_		_			
A. compilation		. condensing		collection	D. dispe	
Mark the letter A,		-		ate the word(s) C	PPOSITE in m	eaning to the
underlined word(s)		• .	ons.			
Question24: She wr			_			
A. healthy		. helpful	C. (dangerous	D. gentle	9
Question 25: Mr Mi	-	•				
A. warm		. caution		nostility	D. passio	
Mark the letter A,			t to indicate	the sentence tha	t best combine	es each pair of
sentences in the fol						
Question 26: Mary			regrets it.			
A. Mary regrets not		•				
B. If only Mary didn						
C Mary wishes she h	•	•				
D Mary regrets to re	-			1		
Question 27: He con		•		ved.		
A. Not until He solve	•		arrive.			
B. When his father a	•	•				
C. Until his father ar			•			
D. Not until his fathe		•				
Mark the letter A, B		ur answer sheet t	o indicate th	ne underlined part	that needs cor	rection in each
of the following que						
Question 28: Yester	_			r the <u>first</u> time.		
	Α	ВС	D			
Question 29: In diffe		· _	nts <u>are</u> still l		tusks.	
Α	. В	C		D		.
Question 30. Food p			he past few	_	families have b	_
	-	А В		С		D
<u>alter</u> their eating ha	bits.					
Mark the letter A, E	-	our answer sheet	to indicate	the sentence that	is closest in me	eaning to each
of the following que		"- "-		,,		
Question 31: The te				e".		
A. The teacher aske						
B. The teacher told			noise.			
C. The teacher said						
D. The teacher orde						
Question 32: It's po			_			
A. We	will	probably	go	camping	this	weekend.
B. We	will	not	go	camping	this	weekend.
C. We	may	not	go	camping	this	weekend.
D. We must not go						
Question 33. It is a	-		ch other.			
A. We haven't met e	each other for	a long time.				

D.The party begins at 2 pm

C.Don't change your mind, please

- B. The last time we met each other is a long time ago.C. We last met each other for a long time.
- **D.** We started meeting each other a long time ago.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

TO DO NOW OR PUT IT OFF UNTIL LATER

People often find that success eludes them. But how often is this their own fault. One thing that we are all good at doing is procrastinating. Shakespeare's Hamlet is a prime example of someone (34) ______ failed to act and, in fact, was rendered incapable of action by his need to put things off – in other words, to procrastinate. And because this is such a universal failing, it may be that it is that very quality that (35) ______ him to us all. But it's not a good thing. We should force ourselves to get over it. Procrastinators are less wealthy and less healthy and regret their inability to make quick decisions. So why so many of you like it? What is it that prevents us from fulfilling our true potential? Are we attempting to become perfectionists, claiming that we need time to polish our work – or even that we can only do our best work under pressure?

The latter is untrue, as work done at the last minute contains more mistakes than that done on time. Our procrastinating behaviour (36) _____ others and leaves us feeling flustered and guilty. Social scientists are struggling to understand the causes of this malaise and from that knowledge work out strategies to overcome it. There are various suggestions they have come up with for (37) _____ having trouble getting things done. They say we should consider breaking a task down into manageable chunks so that it seems less daunting and keep on trying to accept why we are delaying in the first place: is it fear, wishing to produce something perfect or boredom with the task? (38) ______ , knowing the reason means we can do with it. As for me, I'm off to have a rest and think about it all!

(Adapted from Gold Advanced by Lynda Edwards and Jacky Newbrook)

Question 34.A. whichB. whomC. whoD. theyQuestion 35.A. exertsB. endearsC. indulgesD. enacts

Question 36. A. evades B. eludes C. embarks D. inconveniences

Question 37. A. another B. little C. one another D. those

Question 38. A. Honestly **B.** Yet **C.** Apparently **D.** Unfortunately

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 42.

Life expectancy is the period of time that a person can expect to live. Life expectancy varies greatly between genders and cultures. It used to be that women had a lower life expectancy than men (1 in every 4 women died in childbirth), but now **they** live an average of four to five years longer than men. Life expectancy has been increasing rapidly over the last centuries. With the advent of such modern miracles as sewers, medicine and a greater understanding of how diseases are spread, our life expectancy has increased by 25-30 years.

In developing countries like Swaziland, where there is a high HIV/ AIDS rate, life expectancy is as low as 32.6 years. In developed countries like Australia, life expectancy rates are as high as 81 years. There are an increasing number of factors which can cancel out the disadvantages you have. The one that we are looking at now is how your career can affect your life expectancy. Choosing the wrong career can result in a shorter life!

If you want your career to positively influence your life expectancy, you have to be made of money. That's right. Rich people in wealthy areas of England and France live 10 years longer than the people in poorer areas. Having a successful career has its drawbacks, too if the result of hard work is stress.

Stress can lead to a number of psychological disorders such as depression, anxiety, fatigue, tension and aggression. These conditions may result in a lack of concentration and an increase in serious injuries at work. They can also lead to high blood pressure and heart attacks which seriously affect life expectancy.

If you are worried that your job might decrease your life expectancy, you probably need to avoid careers on "dangerous jobs" list such as timber cutters, pilots, construction workers, roofer, truck drivers.

So if you don't want to **kick the bucket** at an early age, choose a career in something other than timber cutting, but above all, remember to relax.

From Pre-Essence Reading by Rachel Lee, Longman

Question 39: According to the passage, which of following is true if you have a successful career?

A.Your life expectancy increases by a decade.

B. You can afford to exercise and eat well.

C. You can buy an expensive car.

D. You can spend most of your day in an office.

Question 40:The passage mainly discusses_____

A.the definition of life expectancy

B.the comparison of life expectancy between women and men
C.the importance of a successful career
D .the effects of a career on one's lifeexpectancy
Question 41: According to the passage, all of the following are true EXCEPT
A .our life expectancy has increased by 25-30 years because there are fewer wars nowadays.
B .in the past, women's life expectancy was lower than that of men.
C.life expectancy varies greatly depending on genders and cultures.
D .there has been a dramatic increase in average life expectancy over the last centuries.
Question 42: Why does an increase in stress lead to an increase in workplace accidents?
A.workers are too busy to observe safety regulations.
B. workers don't care as much about theirjobs.
C.it leads to a decrease in concentration and depression.
D .workers like to take sick leave and stay home.
Question 43: The word "They" in bold in paragraph 1 refers to
A. woman B. cultures C. women D. genders
Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the
questions .
It can be shown in facts and figures that cycling is the cheapest, most convenient, and most
environmentally desirable term of transport in towns, but such cold calculations do not mean much on a
frosty winter morning. The real appeal of cycling is that it is so enjoyable. It has none of the difficulties and
tensions of other ways of traveling so you are more cheerful after a ride, even though the rush hour.
The first thing a non-cyclist says to you is: "But isn't it terribly dangerous?" It would be foolish to deny
the danger of sharing the road with motor vehicles and it must be admitted that there are an alarming
number of accidents involving cyclists. However, although police records indicate that the car driver is often to
blame, the answer lies with the cyclist. It is possible to ride in such a way as to reduce risks to a minimum.
If you decide to join the thousands in Britain who are now returning to cycling as a cheap, satisfying
form of transport your first problem will be trying to decide what bike to buy. Here are three simple rules for
buying a bike:
1. Always buy the best you can afford. Of course there has to be a meeting point between what you
would really like and economic reality, but aim as high as you can and you will get the benefit not only when you
ride but also if you want to sell. Well-made bikes keep the value very well. And don't forget to include in your
calculations the fact that you'll begin saving money on
fares and petrol the minute you leave the shop.
2. Get the best frame, the main structure of the bicycle, for your money as you can. Cheap brakes,
wheels or gears can easily be replaced by more expensive ones, but the frame sets the upper limit on any
transformation. You should allow for the possibility our cycling ambitions will grow with practice. When
you begin, the four miles to work may the most you ever dream of, but after a few months a Sunday ride
into the country begins to look more and more desirable. The best thing is to buy a bike just a little bit better
than you think you'll need, and then grow into it. Otherwise, try to get a model that can be improved.
3. The fit is vital. Handlebars and seat height can be adjusted but you must get the right sized frame.
On the whole it is best to get the largest size you can manage. Frame sizes are measured in inches and the
usual adult range is from 21 inches to 25 inches, though extreme sizes outside those measurements can be
found. Some people say if you take four inches off from your inside leg measurement you will end up with
the right size of bike. The basic principle though is that you should
be able to stand with legs either side of the crossbar (the bar that goes from the handlebars to the seat)
with both feet comfortably flat on the ground.
Question 44: Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage as the advantages of cycling?
A.it's not costly
B.it's convenient and psychologically comfortable
C.it's good for environment
D.it's good for exercise Outstian 45: The physical collisions imparagraph 3 caphest he replaced by
Question 45: The phrase "coliel callziantions" inparagraph 2 canbest be replacedby A unfriendly remarks.
A. unfriendly remarks B. poor judgments C. unconvincing explanations D. cruel suggestions
C. unconvincing explanations D. cruel suggestions Ouestion 46: As regards read safety, the author thinks that
Question 46: As regards road safety, the author thinks that A.people who say cycling is dangerous are foolish
B.driving is as dangerous as cycling
C.cyclists can often avoid accidents by riding with caution
energenesis san orten arona assistante of manig with saudion

A. to reach a compromise	B . to meet somewhere
C. to be in development	D. to go and meet at a place
Question 48: People who are buying their f	irst bicycle are advised to
A .buy acheap model to begin with	
B .get a bicycle which suits their current needs	
C .buy as big a bicycle as they can afford	
D .spend as much money on a bicycle as they c	an
Question 49: After you have been cycling fo	r a few months the author suggests that you will
A.want to ride only at weekends	
B .want to ride further than you first imagin	ned
C.find riding to work every day boring	
D .find cycling in towns less dangerous	
Question 50: The word "transformation" in p	· ·
A. transition	B. amendment
C. change	D. correction