DISTRICT PEOPLE'S COMMITTEE OF HONG BANG

**QUAN TOAN SECONDARY SCHOOL** *Date of test: March......................2022*

**ĐỀ LẺ**

**THE MID 2ND TEST ENGLISH 8- 45 MINUTES**

School year: 2021-2022

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| **Họ và tên: ………………………………………**  **Lớp: 8A………...SBD………………………….** | **Giám thị 1** | **Giám thị 1** | **Mã phách** |

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| **Điểm** | **Chữ kí GK1** | **Chữ kí GK2** | **Mã phách** |

**SECTION A. PHONETICS**

**I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from others (1,0pt)**

1. A. rescue B. destroy C. rainstorm D. shelter

2. A. camp B. language C. native D. accent

3. A. surface B. picture C. century D. feature

4. A. damage B. disaster C. scatter D. collapse

**II. Choose the words whose main stress is placed differently from the others. (1,0pt)**

5. A. fantastic B. logical C. musical D. physical

6. A. photography B. economics C. biology D. ecology

7. A. payee B. trainee C. Viennese D. coffee

8. A. tropical B. national C. aquatic D. chemical

**SECTION B. LEXICO – GRAMMAR**

**I. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word/phrase that complete the sentence. (1, 0pt)**

9. I have come **\_\_\_\_\_\_** an idea about environmental project!.

A. up to B. up with C. to with D. on to

10. Paul: “There was a terrible fire at the factory last night.” - Mike: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. How shocking! B. Yes, of course C. I’m so sorry D. That’s OK

11. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ disasters like floods, storms and forest fire affect thousands of people every year.

A. Economic B. Environmental C. Natural D. Human

12. “Ahchoo! I think the air here was dirty, so I sneeze so much.” - “ \_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. Thanks B. Bless you C. Cough D.Cold

**II. Mark letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word. (0,25pt)**

13. People without homes will be provided with ***temporary*** accommodation.

A. minority B. permanent C. complicated D. simple

**III. Mark letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word SIMILAR in meaning to the underlined word. (0,25pt)**

14. “How was your international summer camp, Phong?” – “***Awesome***”.

A. Wonderful B. Plentiful C. Beautiful D. Important

**IV. Mark letter A, B, C or D to indicate the part that is incorrect. (0,5pt)**

15. Too many sugar in daily diet can make you obese.

A B C D

16. The number of students in my class enjoy taking part in social activities.

A B C D

**V. *Give the correct verb form/* verb tense/ word form of the words in brackets*. (1,0pt)***

17. My mother \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cooking by the time the guests arrived. (finish)

18. Water pollution can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ many different causes. (have)

19. Technology will probably help \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_natural disasters. (prediction)

20. If I could choose a city to visit, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to Da Nang. (go)

**SECTION C. READING**

**I. Read the following passage fill in each blank with ONE suitable word that best completes each blank. (0,75pt)**

|  |
| --- |
|  |

Air pollution is a (21) \_\_\_\_\_\_ of ill-health in human beings. In a lot of countries are laws limiting the amount of is smoke which factories can produce. Although there isn’t enough information on the effects of smoke in theatmosphere**,** doctors have proved that air pollution causes lung diseases. The gases from the exhausts of cars have also increased air pollution in most cities**.** The lead in petrol produces a poisonous gas which often collects in busy streets surrounded by high buildings.Children who live in areas where there is a lot of lead in the atmosphere cannot think as quickly (22) \_\_\_\_\_ otherchildren and they are clumsy when they use their hands. There are other long-term effects of pollution.If the gases in the atmosphere continue to increase, the earth’s (23) \_\_\_\_\_\_ may become warmer. A lot of ice near the Poles may melt and may cause serious floods.

**II. Read the following passage and answer the questions that below. (1,25pt)**

**The Maori of New Zealand**

The Maori arrived in New Zealand from other Polynesian islands over a thousand years ago. They were the first people to live there. They made beautiful wooden buildings with pictures cut into the wood. There are about 280,000 Maori today. Maori have brown skin, dark brown eyes, and wavy black hair.

In 1840, they agreed to become a British colony, and they learned European ways quickly. Today there are Maori in all kinds of jobs. They attend schools and universities and become lawyers and scientists. There are Maori in the government. Most of them live like the white New Zealanders.

However, the Maori do not forget their traditions. Children learn the language, music, and old stories. They have yearly competitions in speaking, dancing, and singing. The Maori live a comfortable, modern life, but they keep their traditions by passing them to their children.

24. Where did the Maori come from?

🡪………………………………………………………………………………...........................................................................

25. How many Maori are there?

🡪………………………………………………………………………………...........................................................................

26. What do the Maori look like?

🡪………………………………………………………………………………...........................................................................

27. How do most Maori live today?

🡪………………………………………………………………………………...........................................................................

28. What do they do at their yearly competitions?

🡪………………………………………………………………………………...........................................................................

**SECTION D. WRITING**

**I. Finish the second sentence in such a way that its meaning is similar to that of the original one (1,5pt).**

29. The flood destroyed all the crops in the area.

🡪 All the crops ..…………………………………………………..........................................................................................

30. They started learning how to play the piano 10 years ago.

🡪 They have ..…………………………………………………............................................................................................

31. These words are difficult so I can’t understand the text.

🡪 If ..………………………………………………….........................................................................................................

**II. Rewrite the following sentences so that they have the same meaning with the root ones. (1,5pt)**

32. The weather was awful. We didn’t enjoy our camping holiday. (Because of)

🡪….………....…………………………………………………...........................................................................................

33.We must conserve water. Otherwise we will face serious water shortages. (If)

🡪.....………..………………………………………………..................................................................................................

34. It was the first time I had been in an earthquake. (never).  
🡪 …....................... ………………………………………………………..........................................................................

**The end**

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**ĐỀ LẺ**

**THE MID 2ND TEST ENGLISH 8- 45 MINUTES**

**Time: 45'**

**SECTION A. PHONETICS**

**I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from others (1,0pt)**

1. D 2. C 3. A 4. B

**II. Choose the words whose main stress is placed differently from the others. (1,0pt)**

5. A 6. B 7. D 8. C

**SECTION B. LEXICO – GRAMMAR**

**I. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D (1,0pt)**

9. B 10. A 11. C 12. B

**II. Circle letter A, B, C or D to indicate the part that is incorrect. (0,5pt)m**

13. B 14. A

**III. Circle letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word. (0,25pt)**

15. A

**IV. Circle letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word SIMILAR in meaning to the underlined word. (0,25pt)**

16. C

**V. *Give the correct verb form/* verb tense/ word form of the words in brackets*. (1,0pt)***

17. had finished 18. have 19. to predict 20. would go

**SECTION C. READING**

**I. Read the following passage fill in each blank with ONE suitable word that best completes each blank. (0,75pt)**

21. cause 22. as 23. climate

**II. Read the following passage and answer the questions that below. (1,25pt)**

24. They came from other Polynesian islands.

25. There are about 280,000 Maori today.

26. Maori have brown skin, dark brown eyes, and wavy black hair.

27. Today there are Maori in all kinds of jobs.

28. They have yearly competitions in speaking, dancing, and singing.

**SECTION D. WRITING**

**I. Finish the second sentence in such a way that its meaning is similar to that of the original one. (1.5pt)**

29. All the crops were destroyed in the area by the flood.

30. They have learnt how to play the piano for 10 years.

31 If these words weren’t difficult, I could understand the text.

**II. Rewrite the following sentences so that they have the same meaning with the root ones. (1.5 pt)**

32. We didn’t enjoy our camping holiday because of the awful weather

33. If we don't conserve water, we will face serious water.

34. I had never been in an earthquake before.

**NGƯỜI LẬP TỔ TRƯỞNG CHUYÊN MÔN BAN GIÁM HIỆU**

**TRẦN THỊ THU HUYỀN LÊ THỊ NAM HẢI CAO THỊ HẰNG**