SỞ GD&ĐT HẢI PHÒNG TRƯỜNG THPT NGÔ QUYỀN

Kỳ THI TỐT NGHIỆP TRUNG HỌC PHỔ THÔNG NĂM 2022 Bài thi: NGOẠI NGỮ; Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH 12

Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

Mã đề thi 211

ĐỀ THI THỬ LẦN 2

(Đề thi có 04 trang)

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 1 to 15. **Question 1:** They have thought of an _____ solution to the problem of theft in the town. **C.** imaginary **A.** imagination **B.** imaginable **D.** imaginative **Question 2:** With regard to Bill's comments, I think he has hit the nail right on the . A. knee **B.** head C. top **D**. neck **Question 3:** _____ to wake the child, she tiptoed out of the bedroom. A. Because not want **B.** Not wanting C. Not to want **D.** Without wanting **Question 4:** I'll show you the picture when I _____. **A.** finished painting it **B.** finish painting it **C.** have finished painting it **D.** will finish painting it **Question 5:** Halfway through the first act, the leading actor forgot his _____ A. parts **B.** lines C. speeches **D.** sayings **Question 6:** A rock fell on him. He fainted and didn't after 3 hours. **C.** come back A. come round **B.** come off **D**. come over **Question 7:** She looks so strange today, wearing a _____ **A.** long black nylon skirt **B.** long nylon black skirt **C.** nylon long black skirt **D.** black long nylon skirt **Question 8:** You can't enter the theatre while the play is in . **B.** performance C. progress A. action **D.** development **Question 9:** The boss said the work on the project should be completed by June _____ the cost. **B.** due to A. regardless **C.** according to **D.** irrespective of **Question 10:** It's still early. Let's browse the gift shop, ? A. will you **B.** can you **C.** should we **D**. shall we **Question 11:** Everyone _____ by the time he got to the party. **B.** had to leave A. left C. had left **D.** was leaving Question 12: His mother's serious illness had placed him under a considerable **B.** worry **D.** strain A. stress **C.** tension **Question 13:** Early upbringing had a great influence _____ the boy. C. on A. for **B.** in **D**. to **Question 14:** The shoes I bought _____ me perfectly. C. suited A. joined **B.** matched **D.** fitted **Question 15:** Of the two candidates, Mr Jones is A. likelier **B.** more likely **C.** the more likely **D.** the likely one

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 16 to 20.

Independence Day in the United States is observed annually on the Fourth of July. For most communities throughout the nation, the traditional celebration includes parades down the main streets, picnics with hot dogs and lemonade, and, of course, a fireworks display at night. In some towns across the country, however, special events are planned in honor of the occasion.

In Bristol, Rhode Island, fire engine teams from communities throughout New England compete in a contest to squirt water from their fire hoses. Flafstaff, Arizona hosts a <u>huge</u> three-day powwow, including a rodeo for twenty Native American tribes. The annual Eskimo games with traditional kayak races are held in Kotzebue, Alaska. Two auto races are always scheduled for the Fourth, including a four-hundred-mile stock car event at the Daytona International Speedway in Daytona, Florida, and an annual auto race up the fourteen-thousand-foot precipice at Pike's Peak in Colorado.

Several small towns celebrate in other unique ways. Hannibal, Missouri, the hometown of Mark Twain, invited the children to participate in a fence-painting contest, re-enacting a scene from Twain's novel Tom Sawyer. Lititz, Pennsylvania congregates in the Limits Springs Park to light thousands of candles and arrange them in various shapes and images.

Question 16: With which of the following topics is the passage primarily concerned?

A. Small towns in America

B. Traditional celebrations for the Fourth of July

C. Holidays in the United States

D. The origin of the Independence Day

Question 17: The author mentions all of the following as ways the Fourth of July is celebrated except . A. parades **B.** races C. dances **D.** fireworks

Question 18: The underlined word "huge" in paragraph 2 could be best replaced by **D.** amusing

A. complicated **B.** exciting C. large

Question 19: The underlined word "them" in paragraph 3 refers to C. candles **D**. images

A. shapes **B.** children

Question 20: It can be inferred from the passage that _

A. The Fourth of July is not celebrated in large cities in the US

B. the Fourth of July is celebrated in Canada as well as in the US

C. although fireworks are not legal, they are displayed on the Fourth of July

D. towns in the US celebrate July Fourth in different ways because of their regional customs

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions from 21 to 22.

Question 21: My brother loves the girl. Her father used to be our former teacher.

A. My brother loves the girl whose father used to be our former teacher.

B. The girl my brother loves her father used to be our former teacher.

C. My brother loves the girl that her father used to be our former teacher.

D. My brother loves the girl who her father used to be our former teacher.

Question 22: He went to London. He wanted to improve his English.

A. So that he could improve his English, he went to London.

B. He went to London, so he could improve his English.

C. In order he could improve his English, he went to London.

D. He wanted to improve his English so that he went to London.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions from 23 to 24.

Question 23: His children were greedily waiting for him to kick the bucket.

B. stay alive **A.** become extinct

C. start a ball game **D.** pass away

Question 24: They have not made any effort to integrate with the local community.

C. connect **B.** cooperate

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions from 25 to 27.

Question 25: Having finished their work, the workers expected to be paid.

A. The workers expected to be paid because they had finished their work.

B. Having their work finished, the workers expected to be paid.

C. The workers finished their work, having expected to be paid.

D. Having been finished their work, the workers expected to be paid.

Question 26: Our garden was badly damaged in last week's storm.

A. The storm has damaged our garden badly.

B. Last week the garden has been damaged.

A. assemble

C. Last week's storm badly damaged our garden.

D. The storm was damaged our garden last week.

Question 27: Jane asked, "Where did you go last weekend, Jim?"

A. Jane wanted to know where Jim had gone the previous weekend.

B. Jane asked Jim where had he gone the weekend before.

C. Jane wanted to know where did Jim go the weekend before.

D. Jane asked Jim where he had gone last weekend.

D. separate

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 28 to 32. **ICEBERG WATER – A COOL DRINK**

The (28) fashion in drinks to hit the US is Arctic mineral water - from an iceberg. Selling at around \$7 a bottle in smart bars, the water comes from icebergs 'caught' by _____(29)_____ fishermen off the coast of Greenland. The liquid, they claim, is the purest on the market, as the icebergs were formed from snow and frozen rain thousands of years ago, ____(30)____ before the appearance of the modern pollutants that contaminate other sources of water, such as mountain springs. 'Iceberg farming', however, is not <u>(31)</u> money. It involves breaking pieces off icebergs on the high seas, often in awful weather conditions, and melting down massive chunks of ice on _____(32)_____ old river boats. Nor is there any need for the traditional manufacturers to panic just yet. in an international business worth over \$30 billion a year, even a whole iceberg turned into bottled water would be no more than a drop in the ocean.

Question 28: A. latest	B. ultimate	C. final	D. last
Question 29: A. former	B. past	C. earlier	D. previous
Question 30: A. many	B. long	C. highly	D. vastly
Question 31: A. easy	B. simple	C. cheap	D. facile
Question 32: A. board	B. deck	C. voyage	D. ship
D 1 /1 / 11 ·			C D

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 33 to 39.

Because writing has become so important in our culture, we sometimes think of it as more real than speech. A little thought, however, will show why speech is primary and writing secondary to language. Human beings have been writing (as far as we can tell from surviving evidence) for at least 5,000 years; but they have been talking for much longer, doubtless ever since there have been human beings.

When writing did develop, it was derived from and represented speech, although imperfectly. Even today there are spoken languages that have no written form. Furthermore, we all learn to talk well before we learn to write; any human child who is not severely handicapped physically or mentally will learn to talk: a normal human being cannot be prevented from doing so. On the other hand, it takes a special effort to learn to write. In the past many intelligent and useful members of society did not acquire the skill, and even today many who speak languages with writing systems never learn to read or write, while some who learn the rudiments of those skills do so only imperfectly.

To affirm the primacy of speech over writing is not, however, to disparage the latter. One advantage writing has over speech is that it is more permanent and makes possible the records that any civilization must have. Thus, if speaking makes us human, writing makes us civilized.

Question 33: We sometimes think of writing as more real than speech because _____.

A. it has become very important in our culture

B. people have been writing since there have been human beings

C. writing is secondary to language

D. human beings have been writing for at least 5,000 years

Question 34: The author of the passage argues that _____

A. writing has become too important in today's society

B. everyone who learns to speak must learn to write

C. speech is more basic to language than writing

D. all languages should have a written form

Question 35: Normal human beings

A. learn to write before learning to talk

B. learn to talk before learning to write

C. learn to write and to talk at the same time

D. learn to talk after learning to write

Question 36: According to the passage, writing _____

A. is represented perfectly by speech

B. is imperfect, but less so than speech

C. represents speech, but not perfectly

D. developed from imperfect speech

Question 37: In the author's judgment,

A. writing has more advantages than speech

B. speech is essential but writing has important benefits

C. writing is more real than speech

Trang 3/4 - Mã đề thi 211

D. speech conveys ideas less accurately than writing does **Question 38:** Which of the following is NOT true? **A.** Writing represents speech, but not perfectly. **B.** It is easy to acquire the writing skill. **C.** Writing has become so important in our culture. **D.** Speech is essential but writing has important benefits. **Question 39:** The word "advantage" in the last paragraph most closely means **A.** rudiments **B.** benefit **C.** domination **D.** skill Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions from 40 to 41. **Question 40:** A. pollute **B.** combine C. police **D.** locate Question 41: A. parachute B. character **C.** headache **D.** scheme Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges from 42 to 43. Question 42: Ann: Do you think you'll get the job? - Mary: " **B.** Well, I hope so A. I know so **C.** Yes, that's right **D.** I think not **Question 43:** Jack: Can I get you another drink? - Thomas: " **B.** No, it isn't A. Forget it **C.** No, I'll think it over **D.** Not just now Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions from 44 to 46. Question 44: What I told her a few days ago were the solutions to most of her problems. A. were **B.** most of C. to **D**. What I told her Question 45: The main advertisement media include direct mail, radio, television, magazines and newspapers. A. advertisement **B.** The C. radio **D.** newspapers **Question 46:** She is afraid of living by her own in a big city. **B.** a C. by **D**. own A. of Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions from 47 to 48. Question 47: The film is not worth seeing. The plot is too <u>dull</u>. **A.** complicated **B.** simple C. slow **D.** boring Question 48: The repeated commercials on TV distract many viewers from watching their favourite films. **A.** businesses **B.** contests **C.** economics **D.** advertisements Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of stress in each of the following questions from 49 to 50. **Question 49: A.** military **B.** instrument **C.** temperature**D.** accessible **B.** adult **Question 50:** A. canal C. parade **D.** prefer

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